Term 1	Term 2	Term 3
Number and place value	Fractions (including decimals and percentages)	Addition, subtraction, multiplication and division
read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10 000 000 and	 use common factors to simplify fractions; use common 	• perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and
determine the value of each digit	multiples to express fractions in the same denomination	large numbers
 round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy 	 compare and order fractions, including fractions >1 	 use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out
solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above	 associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal 	calculations involving the four operations
	fraction equivalents [for example, 0.375] for a simple fraction [for	 solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts,
Fractions (including decimals and percentages)	example, 3/8]	deciding which operations and methods to use and why
 identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three 	recall and use equivalences between simple fractions.	• solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and
decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and	decimals and percentages, including in different contexts	division
1000 giving answers up to three decimal places	 identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three 	• use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, ir
	decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and	the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy
Measurement	1000 giving answers up to three decimal places	
 use, read, write and convert between standard units, 		Fractions (including decimal and percentages)
converting measurements of length, mass and time from		add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed
a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa,		numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions
using decimal notation to up to three decimal places	Algebra	• solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified
<u>convert between miles and kilometres.</u>	• use simple formulae	degrees of accuracy
Addition, subtraction, multiplication and division	 generate and describe linear number sequences 	
perform mental calculations, including with mixed	 express missing number problems algebraically 	Algebra
operations and large numbers	 find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two 	use simple formulae
use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out	unknowns	 generate and describe linear number sequences
calculations involving the four operations		 express missing number problems algebraically
solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in	Measurement	• find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns
contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use	 solve problems involving the calculation and conversion 	 enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables
and why	of units of measure, using decimal notation to three	
 solve problems involving addition, subtraction 	decimal places where appropriate	Measurement
 use estimation to check answers to calculations and 	 use, read, write and convert between standard units, 	• solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of
determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate	converting measurements of length, mass and time from	measure, using decimal notation to three decimal places where
degree of accuracy	a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa,	appropriate
	using decimal notation to three decimal places	• use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting
Fractions (including decimals and percentages)		measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller
 solve problems which require answers to be rounded to 	Statistics	unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal
specified degrees of accuracy	 interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems. 	notation to three decimal places
Algebra	Addition, subtraction, multiplication and division	Statistics
use simple formulae	 multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit 	• interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these t
generate and describe linear number sequences	whole number using the formal written method of long	solve problems
express missing number problems algebraically	multiplication	calculate and interpret the mean as an average.
find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two	• divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the	Fractions (including decimals and percentages)
unknowns	formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as	 use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to
enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables	whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate	express fractions in the same denomination
	for the context	 compare and order fractions, including fractions >1
Measurement		

- solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation to three decimal places where appropriate
- use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to three decimal places

Statistics

- interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems.
- Addition, subtraction, multiplication and division
- <u>multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit</u> whole number using the formal written method of long <u>multiplication</u>
- divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context
- divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate, interpreting remainders according to the context
- perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers
- identify common factors, common multiples and prime
 <u>numbers</u>
- use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations
- solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division
- use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy

Fractions (including decimals and percentages)

- multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places
 by whole numbers
- use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places

Ratio and proportion

 solve problems involving the calculation of percentages [for example, of measures, and such as 15% of 360] and the use of percentages for comparison

- divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate, interpreting remainders according to the context perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers
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- identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers
- use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations
- solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division
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Fractions (including decimals and percentages)

- multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places
 by whole numbers
- use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places

Ratio and proportion

- solve problems involving the calculation of percentages [for example, of measures, and such as 15% of 360] and the use of percentages for comparison
- solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities, where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication and division facts
- solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping using knowledge of fractions and multiples

Algebra

- use simple formulae
- generate and describe linear number sequences
- express missing number problems algebraically
- find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns
- enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables

Measurement

- solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation to three decimal places where appropriate
- use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass and time from

- associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents [for example, 0.375] for a simple fraction [for example, ³/₈]
- recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts
- identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places

Algebra

- use simple formulae
- generate and describe linear number sequences
- express missing number problems algebraically
- find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns

Measurement

- solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation to three decimal places where appropriate
- use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to three decimal places

Statistics

- interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems.
- Addition, subtraction, multiplication and division
- multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the efficient written method of long multiplication
- divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context
- divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate, interpreting remainders according to the context
- perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers
- identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers
- use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations
- solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division

Algebra

- use simple formulae
- generate and describe linear number sequences
- express missing number problems algebraically
- find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns
- enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables.

Measurement

- solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation to three decimal places where appropriate
- use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to three decimal places

Statistics

- interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems
- calculate and interpret the mean as an average.

Geometry: properties of shapes

- draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles
- recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets
- compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes and find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals, and regular polygons
- illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius
- recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles

Algebra

- use simple formulae
- express missing number problems algebraically
- find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns
- enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables

Measurement

- recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa
- calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles

a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to three decimal places

• convert between miles and kilometres

Statistics

• interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems calculate and interpret the mean as an average.

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Geometry: position and direction

- describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four guadrants)
- draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes

Algebra

- use simple formulae
- express missing number problems algebraically
- find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns
- enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables

Measurement

- calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles
- recognise when it is possible to use the formulae for area and volume of shapes
- calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimeters (cm³) and cubic metres (m³) and extending to other units, [for example, mm³ and km³]

Ratio and proportion

• Solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found.

Number and place value

• use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy

Fractions (including decimals and percentages)

- <u>multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its</u> simplest form [for example, ½ x ½ = ½]
- divide proper fractions by whole numbers [for example, $\frac{1}{3} \div 2 = \frac{1}{6}$]
- multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers
- use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places

Ratio and proportion

- solve problems involving the calculation of percentages [for example, of measures, and such as 15% of 360] and the use of percentages for comparison
- solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities, where missing values can be found by using multiplication and division facts
- solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping using knowledge of fractions and multiples

Algebra

- use simple formulae
- generate and describe linear number sequences
- express missing number problems algebraically
- find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns
- enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables

Measurement

- solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation to three decimal places where appropriate
- use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to three decimal places

Statistics

- interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems
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Geometry: properties of shapes

- draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles
- recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets

recognise when it is possible to use the formulae for area and volume of shapes.

Number and place value

- read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10 000 000 and determine the value of each digit
- round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy
- use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals
 across zero
- solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above

Fractions (including decimals and percentages)

 identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 given answers up to three decimal places

Measurement

 use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to three decimal places.

Number and place value

• use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero

Addition, subtraction, multiplication and division

- perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers
- use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations
- solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why
- solve problems involving addition, subtraction
- use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy

Fractions (including decimals and percentages)

 solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy

Algebra

- use simple formulae
- generate and describe linear number sequences
- express missing number problems algebraically

- read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10 000 000 and determine the value of each digit
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Fractions (including decimals and percentages)

- use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination
- compare and order fractions, including fractions >1
- identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places

Measurement

- use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation up to three decimal places
- convert between miles and kilometres.

- compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes and find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals, and regular polygons
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Geometry: position, direction, motion

- describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants)
- draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes

Algebra

- use simple formulae
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Measurement

- recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa
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Ratio and proportion

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Measurement	
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of units of measure, using decimal notation to three	
decimal places where appropriate	
 use, read, write and convert between standard units, 	
converting measurements of length, mass and time from	
a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa,	
using decimal notation to three decimal places	
Statistics	
 interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and 	
use these to solve problems.	