Year: 5 Term: Spring 2

KS2			
Specific theme:			
The importance of the Gurdwara			
Context		Content	
1j) use and interpret information about religions from a range of sources. 2a) reflect on what it means to belong to a faith community, communicating their own and others' responses. 3b) Sikhism 3g) symbols and religious expression: how religious and spiritual ideas are expressed. 3q) developing the use of ICT, particularly in enhancing pupils' awareness of religions and beliefs globally.		Community Gurdwara A place of Sikh worship, which extends a welcome to men and women of all races and creeds. Features include • congregation/community (sangat) • common meal (langar) Signifi cant people include • Granthi, who reads the Guru Granth Sahib and preaches and explains the text • musicians and singers The Golden Temple (Harmandir Sahib) and other historic gurdwaras Symbols Ik Onkar (there is one God) • appears at the beginning of each major composition in the scriptures Khanda • the Sikh symbol Practices Holy Days (Gurpurbs) Birthdays of Guru Nanak, Guru Gobind Singh (Baisakhi) Martyrdoms of Guru Arjan, Guru Tegh Bahadur and the Sahibzades (four sons of Guru Gobind Singh) Ceremonies, including Naming Turban tying Amrit ceremony Marriage Death The Five K's (obligatory for the Khalsa) Kesh, Kangha, Kara, Kachera, Kirpan	
Main elements of the unit		Suggested activ	rities
Key questions:			
Assessment:			
Knowledge Ski		lls	Dispositions