Term 1	Term 2	Term 3
Number and place value	Addition and subtraction	Addition and subtraction
<ul> <li>read, write, order and compare numbers to at least</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits,</li> </ul>
1 000 000 and determine the value of each digit	including using formal written methods (columnar addition and	including using formal written methods (columnar addition and
<ul> <li>count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for</li> </ul>	subtraction)	subtraction)
any given number up to 1 000 000	<ul> <li>add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>round any number up to 1 000 000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>use rounding to check answers to calculations and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>use rounding to check answers to calculations and</li> </ul>
<u>000 and 100 000</u>	determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy	determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy
<ul> <li>solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts,</li> </ul>
the above	deciding which operations and methods to use and why	deciding which operations and methods to use and why
Multiplication and division	Fractions (including decimals and percentages)	Fractions (including decimals and percentages)
<ul> <li>multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>solve problems involving number up to three decimal places</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and</li> </ul>
decimals by 10, 100 and 1000		convert from one form to the other and write mathematical
		statements >1 as a mixed number [for example, $\frac{2}{5} + \frac{4}{5} = \frac{6}{5} = \frac{1}{5}$ ]
Fractions (including decimals and percentages)		<ul> <li>add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example, 0.71 =</li> </ul>	Measurement	denominators that are multiples of the same number
<sup>71</sup> /100]	<ul> <li>use all four operations to solve problems involving</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>solve problems involving number up to three decimal</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths,</li> </ul>	measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money]	places
hundredths and decimal equivalents	using decimal notation including scaling	
<ul> <li>round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>measure and calculate the perimeter</li> </ul>	Measurement
whole number and to one decimal place		<ul> <li>use all four operations to solve problems involving</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three</li> </ul>	Statistics	measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money]
decimal places	<ul> <li>solve comparison, sum and difference problems using</li> </ul>	using decimal notation including scaling
<ul> <li>solve problems involving number up to three decimal places</li> </ul>	information presented in a line graph	<ul> <li>solve problems involving converting between units of</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>complete, read and interpret information in tables, including</li> </ul>	time
Measurement	timetables.	
<ul> <li><u>convert between different units of metric measure (for</u></li> </ul>	Multiplication and division	Statistics
example, kilometre and metre; centimetre and metre;	multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving	<ul> <li>solve comparison, sum and difference problems using</li> </ul>
centimetre and millimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and	decimals by 10, 100 and 1000	information presented in a line graph
<u>millilitre)</u>		<ul> <li>complete, read and interpret information in tables,</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>solve problems involving converting between units of time</li> </ul>	Fractions (including decimals and percentages)	including timetables.
time. Addition and subtraction	<ul> <li>compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number.</li> </ul>	Multiplication and division
	multiples of the same number	<ul> <li>multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving desired by 10, 100 and 1000.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical</li> </ul>	decimals by 10, 100 and 1000
<ul> <li>add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers</li> </ul>	statements >1 as a mixed number [for example, $\frac{2}{5} + \frac{4}{5} = \frac{6}{5} = \frac{1}{6}$ ]	Fractions (including decimals and percentages)
<ul> <li>add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers</li> <li>use rounding to check answers to calculations and</li> </ul>	• read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example, $0.71 =$	<ul> <li>compare and order fractions whose denominators are all</li> </ul>
determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy	• read and while declinar numbers as fractions [for example, 0.77 = $\frac{71}{100}$ ]	multiples of the same number
	<ul> <li>recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and</li> </ul>
solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in	hundredths and decimal equivalents	convert from one form to the other and write mathematical
contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why	<ul> <li>recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent</li> </ul>	statements >1 as a mixed number [for example, $\frac{2}{5} + \frac{4}{5} = \frac{6}{5} = 1\frac{1}{5}$ ]
	relates to "number of parts per hundred", and write percentages as	• read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example, 0.71 =
Measurement	a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal	71/100]

 use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation including scaling

## Statistics

 solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph

complete, read and interpret information in tables including timetables Multiplication and division

- identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers
- <u>multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number</u> using a formal written method
- multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts
- divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context
- multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000
- solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples
- solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign

### Measurement

 use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation including scaling.

### Geometry: properties of shapes

- identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations
- know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles
- draw given angles, and measure them in degrees (°)
- identify:
  - angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360°)
  - angles at a point on a straight line and  $\frac{1}{2}$  a turn (total 180°)
- other multiples of 90°
- use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles
- distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles.

Number and place value

 identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually including tenths and hundredths.

## Multiplication and division

- identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs
- know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers
- solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates
- establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19
- multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using a formal written method
- multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts
- divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context
- multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000
- recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared (<sup>2</sup>) and cubed (<sup>3</sup>)
- solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes
- solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign

### Fractions (including decimals and percentages)

## Measurement

use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation including scaling.

## Geometry: properties of shapes

- identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations
- know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles
- draw given angles, and measure them in degrees (°)

- recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents
- recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to "number of parts per hundred", and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal.

## Measurement

 convert between different units of metric measure [for example, kilometre and metre; centimetre and metre; centimetre and millimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and millilitre].

### Multiplication and division

- identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs, and common factors of two numbers
- know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers
- establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19
- multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using a formal written method including long multiplication for two-digit numbers
- multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts
- divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context
- multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000
- recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared (<sup>2</sup>) and cubed (<sup>3</sup>)
- solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes
- solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign
- solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates.

# Fractions (including decimals and percentages)

- identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually including tenths and hundredths
- multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams

- read, write, order and compare numbers to at least
   1 000 000 and determine the value of each digit
- count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1 000 000
- interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers including through zero
- round any number up to 1 000 000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10 000 and 100 000
- solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above
- read Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years
   written in Roman numerals

## **Multiplication and division**

 multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000

### Fractions (including decimals and percentages)

- read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example,  $0.71 = \frac{71}{100}$ ]
- recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents
- round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place
- read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places
- solve problems involving number up to three decimal places

### Measurement

- convert between different units of measure (e.g. kilometre and metre; metre and centimetre; centimeter and millimetre; kilogram and gram; litre and millilitre)
- solve problems involving converting between units of time.

### Identify:

- angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360°)
- angles at a point on a straight line and  $\frac{1}{2}$  a turn (total 180°)
- other multiples of 90°
- use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles
- distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles

### Geometry: position and direction

identify. describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed Number and place value

- read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1 000 000 and determine the value of each digit
- count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1 000 000
- interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers including through zero
- round any number up to 1 000 000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10 000 and 100 000
- solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above

## Multiplication and division

 multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000

## Fractions (including decimals and percentages)

- compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number
- recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements >1 as a mixed number [for example, <sup>2</sup>/<sub>6</sub> + <sup>4</sup>/<sub>6</sub> = <sup>6</sup>/<sub>6</sub> = 1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>6</sub>]
- read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example,  $0.71 = \frac{7}{100}$ ]
- recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents
- round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place
- read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places

 solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>, <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>, <sup>1</sup>/<sub>5</sub>, <sup>2</sup>/<sub>5</sub>, <sup>4</sup>/<sub>5</sub> and those with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25

## Measurement

- use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation including scaling
- <u>understand and use approximate equivalences between</u> metric units and common imperial units such as inches. pounds and pints
- solve problems involving converting between units of time.

### Geometry: properties of shapes

- use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles
- distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles

# Geometry: position and direction

 identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed

## Measurement

- measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres
- calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), and including using standard units, square centimetres (cm<sup>2</sup>) and square metres (m<sup>2</sup>) and estimate the area of irregular shapes
- estimate volume [for example, using 1 cm<sup>3</sup> blocks to build cuboids (including cubes)] and capacity [for example, using water].

<ul> <li>solve problems involving number up to three decimal places</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Measurement</li> <li>convert between different units of measure (e.g. kilometre and metre; metre and centimetre; centimeter and millimetre; kilogram and gram; litre and millilitre)</li> <li>solve problems involving converting between units of time.</li> </ul>	